

Introduction

- Croatia always has been a trend of emigration
- elaborated the emigration process from the 15th century till today
- emigrated 2.5 million people
- emigrants young people
- reasons economic and political



New York today - a destination port of Croatian emigrants in the past



Croatian emigrants disembarking from the ship



All the passengers on the ships do not have the same requirements

Porto



Port of Rijeka once upon a time - the starting point for Croatian overseas emigrants



Drawing of an ocean liner in the port of Rijeka



Ocean liner Carpathia in the port of Rijeka – do you remember the fate of the Titanic?

Did You know about the Carpathia?

- The RMS Carpathia was a passenger transoceanic ship owned by the Cunard Line transatlantic, with length of 165 meters.
- The Carpathia's route was New York Rijeka and it is interesting that a quarter of the crew on board were of Croatian origin.
- > It is famous for being rescued survivors from the *Titanic*.
- The Carpathia reached the Titanic on 15th April 1912, hour and 40 minutes after the sinking, and has saved 706 out of a total of 2223 passengers.
- From 30 Croatian passenger on the *Titanic*, only three survived.
- The Carpathia during the WWI served as a ship for transport of equipment.
- > The ship was sunk by a submarine in the year 1918.

Kr. ug. parobr. dion. družtvo "Adria" na Rieci.



Direktna parobrodarska sveza sa Sjever. Amerikom.

"Cunard-Line" iz Liverpoola.

Najveće englezko parobrod. družtvo.

GLAVNA DIREKCIJA ZA CIELU KRALJEVINU: Kralj. ug. parobrod. dion. družtvo "ADRIA" na Rieci.

Odprema putnika u salonu i III. razredu iz **Rieke** u **New-York**. Podvorba za hrvatske putnike u materinskom jeziku. Prvi odlazak iz Rieke dne 14. studena o. g. u jutro sa velikim parobrodom

"AURANIA" 🤝

udešen za 1600 putnika III. razreda i 400 putnika u salonu. Za sve izvještaje i upute izvolite se obratiti na

452

Kr. ug. parobr. dion. družtvo "ADRIA" na Rieci.

A ticket for a trip from Rijeka to New York - journey to a better life or ???

Phases of emigration

First phase

- From the 15th to the 19th century
- Towards other parts of Habsburg Monarchy
- about 300,000 people emigrated

Austria-Hungary



Phases of emigration

Second phase

- from the 19th century till the beginning of World War II
- to the countries of North and South America
- economic reasons
- ➤ about 500,000 people

Emigration to the countries of North and South America

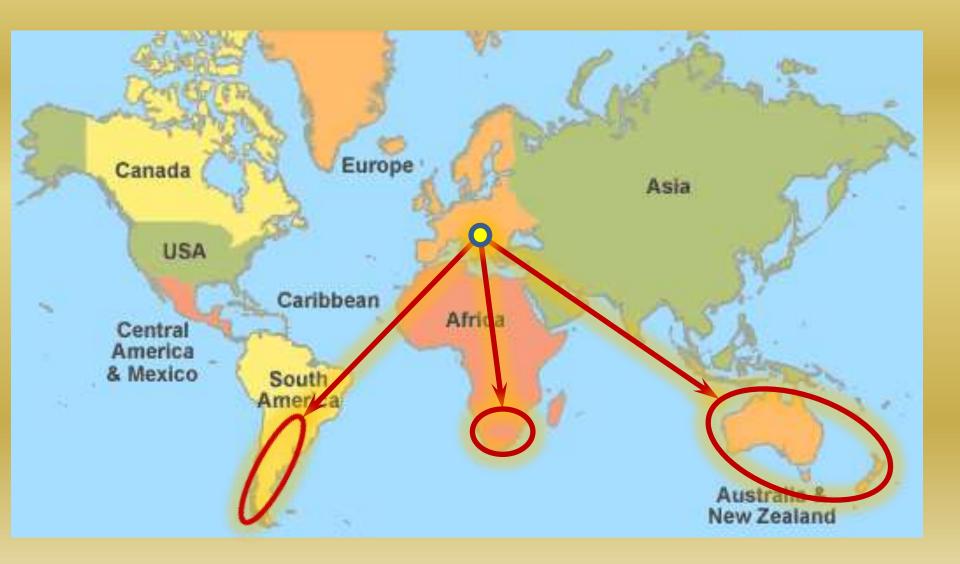


Phases of emigration

Third phase

- ➢ from the end of WWII (1945) until the beginning of the 1960s.
- towards South America, South Africa and Australia
- political reasons
- about 120,000 people

Croats migrated overseas



Phases of emigration

Fourth phase

- From the 1960s until 1991
- reasons economic and political
- to highly developed European countries and to the USA
- about 300,000 Croats

Emigration to European countries and to the USA



Phases of emigration

Fifth phase

- from 1991 until today
- emigration cause the war
- > almost 500,000 people
- towards highly developed European countries
- still continues ("brain drain")

Croatian Diaspora today

- Croatia's population about 4.3 million people
- about 2 to 4 million people live out of the country
- mostly in the neighbouring countries, in other European countries and overseas

Jobs of Croatian emigration in the past

in agriculture – plantation work (tobacco and sugar cane), viniculture, mining, construction industry and shipbuilding.



- the northern part of Croatia
- borders with Slovenia and Hungary, near Austria
- population about 115,000
- territory of 730 km²
- emigration in the 1960s overseas (Australia and Canada), later to Germany and Switzerland
- Slovenia and Austria daily and weekly migrations



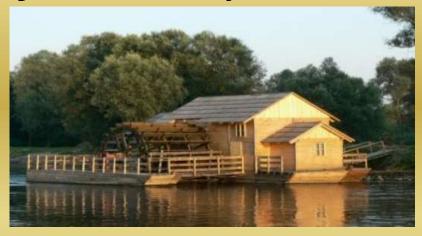




Drava river



Mura river mouthing into Drava river



Mill on Mura river



Geese on river Mura bank



A typical vineyard panorama in Upper Međimurje



A typical panorama in Lower Međimurje



Međimurje's main city – Čakovec – a panoramic view on the city's center



Old city in Čakovec – Zrinsko-Frankopani's Castle



Zrinsko-Frankopani's Castle in summer and winter



St. Jeronim (St. Eusebius) Church from 18th century in Štrigova City



Hunting tourism in Medimurje





Potato and oil pumpkin harvesting



The scarecrow "Klopotec"

Picking grapes in early autumn



An old wine cellar with oak barrels



An old oak wine press





Harvesting wheat in the traditional way

Traditional dance from Međimurje



Showing prayers before lunch on the field





Antique woven bags of leaves from corn cobs

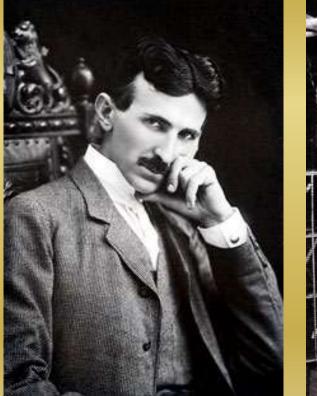
Traditional fabrics from Medimurje

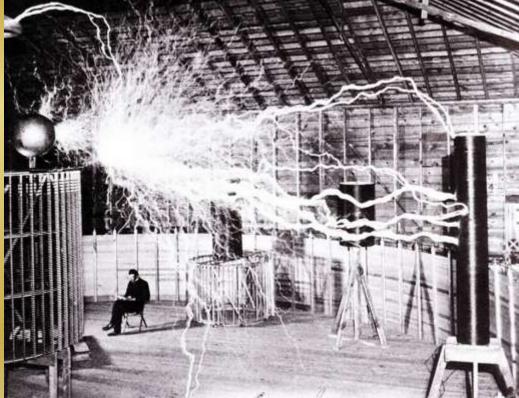


Traditional cakes from Međimurje

Gingerbread products

> Nikola Tesla (1856 - 1943), scientist and inventor





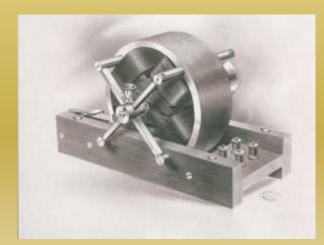
Nikola Tesla - portrait

Famous photo - Nikola Tesla in his high-voltage lab

Nikola Tesla's inventions



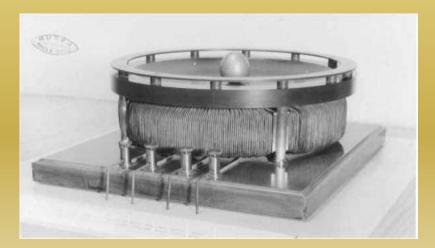
Neon lamp glowing in his hand



Tesla's polyphase induction motor

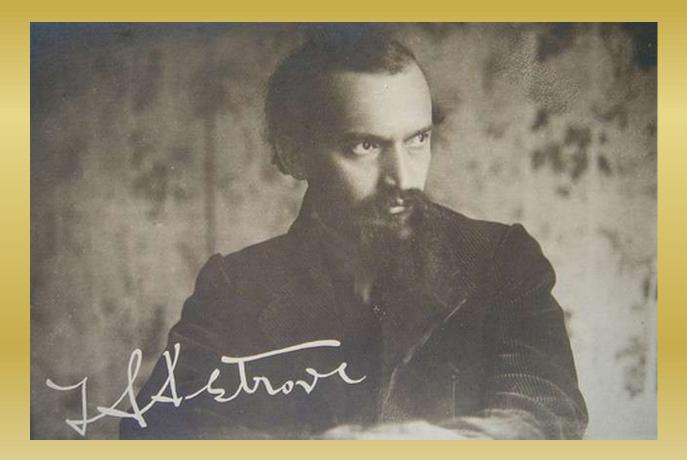


Tesla's high-power transmitter



Tesla's *Egg of Columbus*

Ivan Meštrović (1883 -1962), sculptor





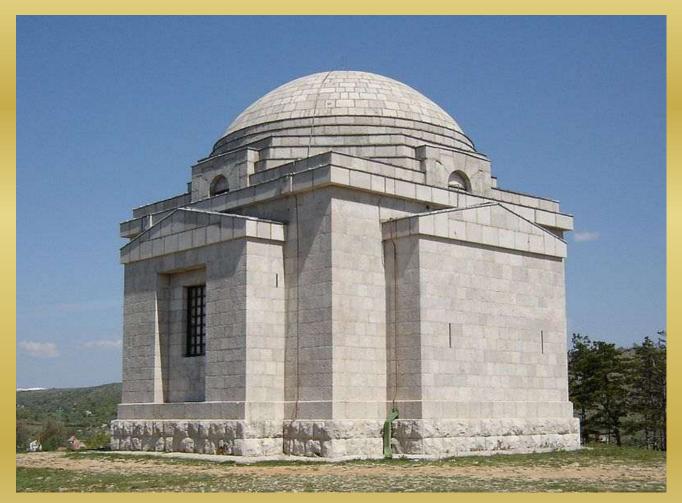
Indians, The Chicago monument, 1926 - 1928



History of Croats, 1932



Fountain of Life, 1905



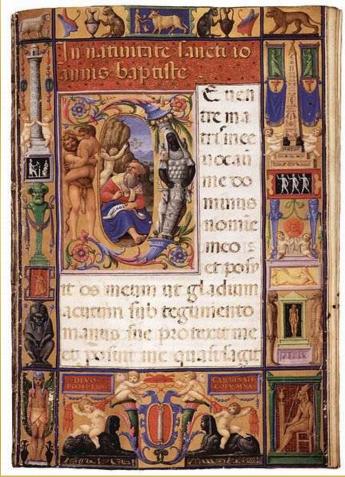
Church of the Most Holy Redeemer - the mausoleum of the Mestrović's family in Otavice, Croatia, 1926 - 1937

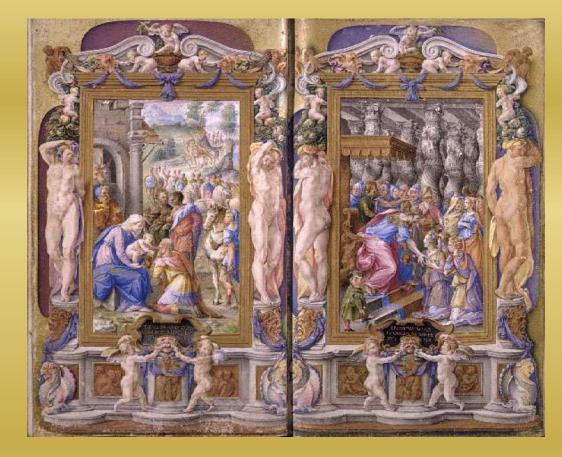
Julije Klović (in Italian: Gulio Clovio Croata (1498 – 1578)), painter



El Greco, Portrait of Julije Klović, around 1571-1572

Julije Klović's works





Miniature *Saint John of Cologne Gospel*, 1532

Miniatures from Officium Virginis, 1546

Julije Klović's works

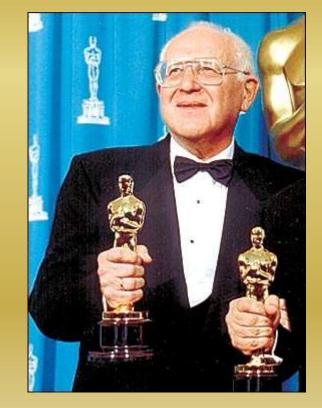


Madonna with the sleeping Jesus, Saint Joseph and Saint John the Baptist, 1540

Branko Lustig (1932), film producer

two Oscars (Schindler's list, Gladiator) and one Golden Globe

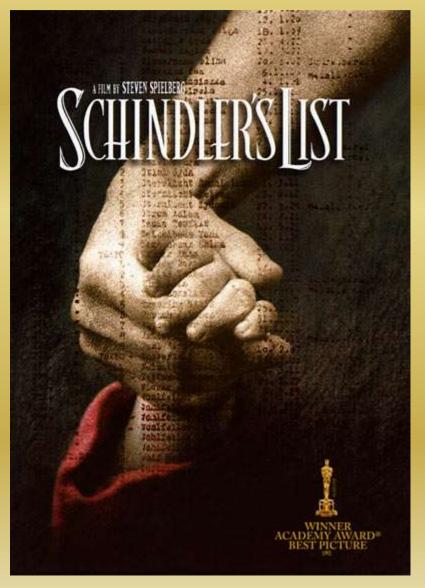




Branko Lustig - on the right side of the picture

Branko Lustig gets Oscar

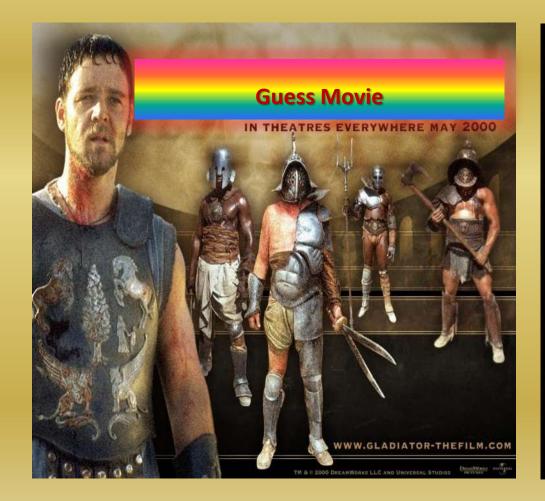
Branko Lustigs works

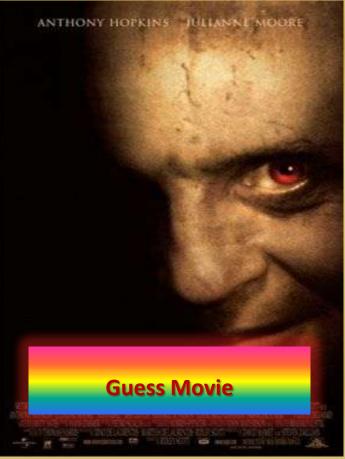




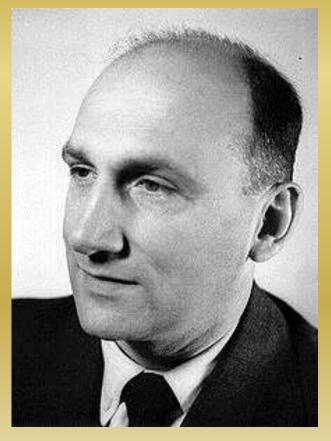
Young girl in the red coat – striking scene from *Schindler's List*

Branko Lustigs works

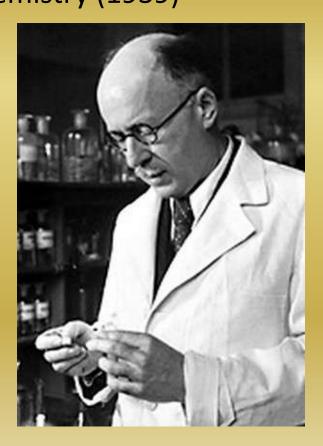




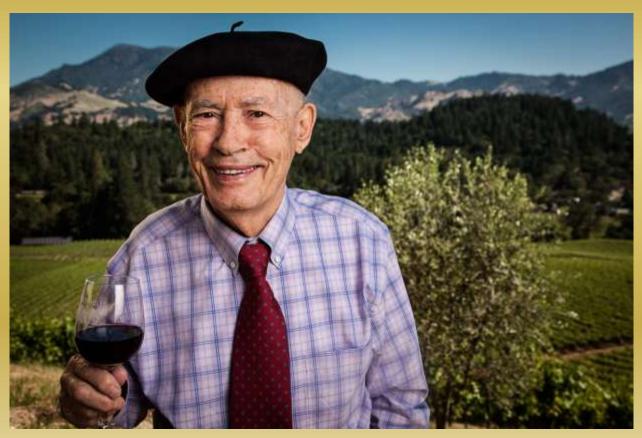
- Vladimir Prelog (1906 -1998), chemist
- Nobel Prize in chemistry (1975)



Lavoslav Ružička (1887 - 1976), chemist
Nobel Prize in chemistry (1939)



Mike Grgich (Miljenko Grgić, 1923), winemaker in California (Grgich Hills Estate)



Grgich Hills Estate



Croatian emigration – one day (may be)

